

VERB

**Grammar**

**动词**

**定义：**

**表示动作、或状态的词。如：**

give, take, make, get, look, come, go, put等

**分类：**

**一、系动词 (linking verbs)：**连接主语和表语的词语，说明主语的属性、特征或状态；如be, appear, continue, feel, keep, look, prove等

**二、情态动词 (modal verb)：**表达情态的动词，不能单独使用，后接动词原形；如 can, shall, may, will, must

**三、助动词 (auxiliary verb)：**强调主要动词或者体现句子时态，不能单独使用，需接动词原形。有have/has, do/does

**四、行为动词(action verb)：**包括及物动词与不及物动词。

**及物动词**：其后可直接接宾语，可以有被动语态形式。如：like, play, send等

**不及物动词**：其后不能直接接宾语，没有被动语态形式。如：work, come等

**形式：**

英语动词有5种基本形式：**动词原形、动词第三人称单数、过去式，过去分词和现在分词**。

* **动词第三人称单数**

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| **构成法** | **举例** |
| 一般动词词尾加-s | work—works  play--plays |
| 以s, x, o, ch, sh结尾的动词，词尾加-es | do—does  fix--fixes |
| 以“辅音字母+y”结尾的动词，变y为i，再加-es | fly—flies  study--studies |

* **规则动词过去式和过去分词**

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| **构成法** | **举例** |
| 一般动词词尾加-ed | work—worked--worked  play—played--played |
| 以e结尾的动词加-d | close—closed—closed  live—lived--lived |
| 以“辅音字母+y”结尾的动词，变y为i，再加-ed | try—tried--tried  study—studied--studied |
| 以一个辅音字母结尾的重读闭音节的动词（x除外），先爽写此辅音字母，再加-ed | stop—stopped—stopped  regret—regretted--regretted |
| 以重读r音节结尾的动词，先双写r，再加-ed | refer-referred-referred  prefer—preferred--preferred |

* **不规则动词的过去式和过去分词**

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| **构成法** | **举例** |
| A—A—A型  原形，过去式，过去分词同形 | let—let—let  cost—cost--cost |
| A—B—A型  原形与过去分词同形 | come—came—come  run—ran--run |
| A—B—B型  过去式与过去分词同形 | sweep—swept—swept  dig—dug--dug |
| A—B—C型  原形，过去式，过去分词不同形 | see—saw—seen  write—wrote--written |

* **动词现在分词**

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| **类型** | **举例** |
| 一般动词词尾加-ing | go—going  work--working |
| 以不发音的e结尾的动词，先去掉e，再加-ing | take—taking  write--writing |
| 以一个辅音字母结尾的重读闭音节（x除外）的动词，先双写此辅音字母，再加-ing | beg—begging  begin--beginning |
| 以ie结尾的动词，把ie变为y，再加-ing | die—dying  lie--lying |

**练习**

1. There \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ some flowers in the garden.

A. were used to be B. used to be C. uses to be D. used to be having

1. "\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I take it out?" "I'm sorry, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."

A. Could ...couldn't B. Might...might not C. Could...can D. May...can't

1. All the lights are on, the Smiths \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ up.

A. must get B. is getting C. must be getting D. would get

1. He \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ lead a horse to the water but he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ not make it drink.

A. will...can B. may...can C. may...dares D. dare...can

1. "Need we do this job now?" "Yes, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_."

A. you need B. you should C. you must D. you can

1. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to have lunch with us today?

A. Do you likes B. Would you like C. Will you liked D. Have you liked

1. -Is John coming by train?

--He should, but he \_\_\_\_ not. He likes driving his car.

A. must B. can C. need D. may

1. Peter \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ come with us tonight, but he isn't very sure yet.

A. must B. can C. may D. will

1. Michael \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be a policeman, for he's much too short.

A. needn't B. can't C. shouldn't D. won't

1. Come on! We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ hurry because there isn't much time left.

A. may B. must C. can D. need

1. —Mum, may I watch TV now?

—Sure, but you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ help me with my English.

A. can B. may C. must D. could

1. —\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ I download the article again?

—No, you needn’t.

A. Shall B. Will C. Must D. Can

1. —Can you go skating with us this afternoon?

—Sorry, I can’t. I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ take care of my little sister at home.

A. can B. may C. would D. have to

1. —Must I hand in my exercise book today?

—No, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. can’t B. needn’t C. mustn’t D. won’t

1. —May I have a word with you?

—No, you \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I’m busy today.

A. needn’t B. wouldn’t C. don’t have to D. can’t

1. —\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_I have your English name, please?

—Yes, Helen. H-E-L-E-N.

A. Must B. May C. Will D. Need

1. —Who is the boy over there? Is it John?

—No, it \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ be him. John is much taller.

A. mustn’t B. may not C. can’t D. needn’t

1. —Can you play Frisbee, Jay?

—Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. It’s easy.

A. must B. can C. need D. may

1. —You must come back every month.

—Yes, I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

A. will B. must C. should D. can

1. She \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ know the answer, but I’m not sure.

A. maybe B. may be C. may D. must